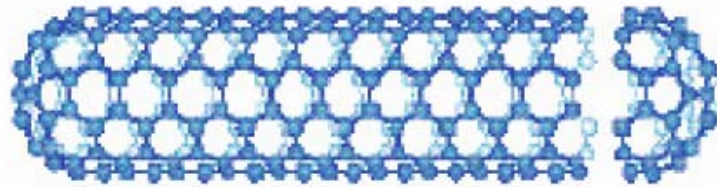
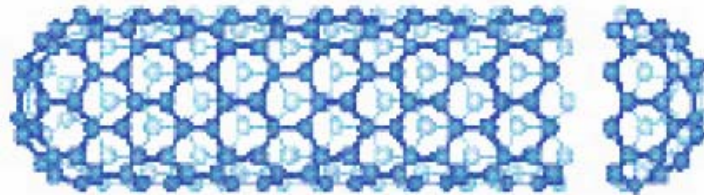


Carbon nanotubes

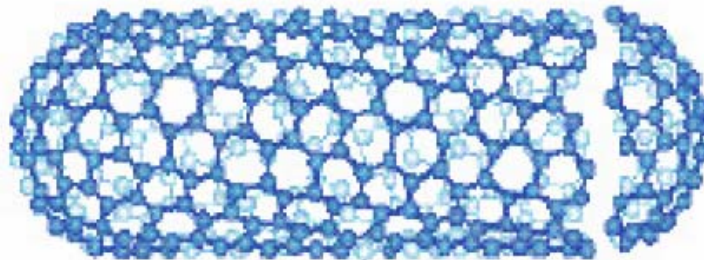
Carbon nanotubes - rolled up graphene



armchair



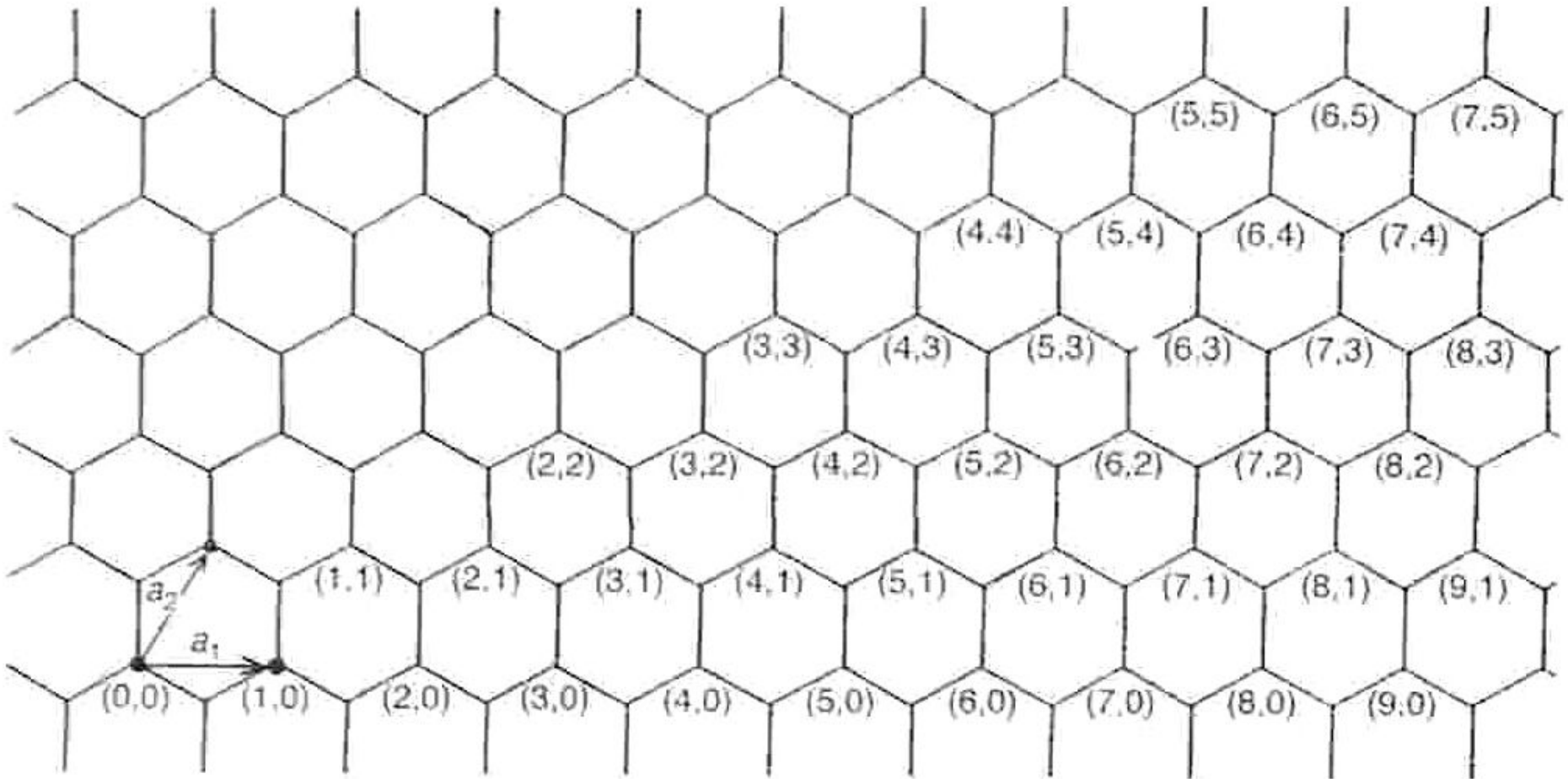
zig-zag



chiral

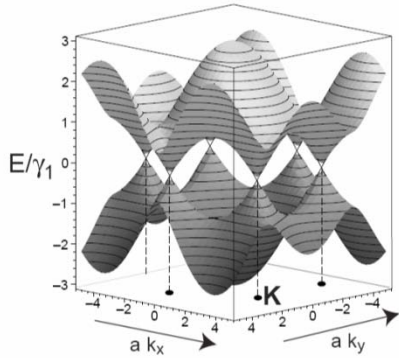
[www.physics.umd.edu/courses/Phys732/hdrew/spring07/
Schoenenberger%20tutorial%20on%20CNT%20bands.pdf](http://www.physics.umd.edu/courses/Phys732/hdrew/spring07/Schoenenberger%20tutorial%20on%20CNT%20bands.pdf)

(m,n) notation

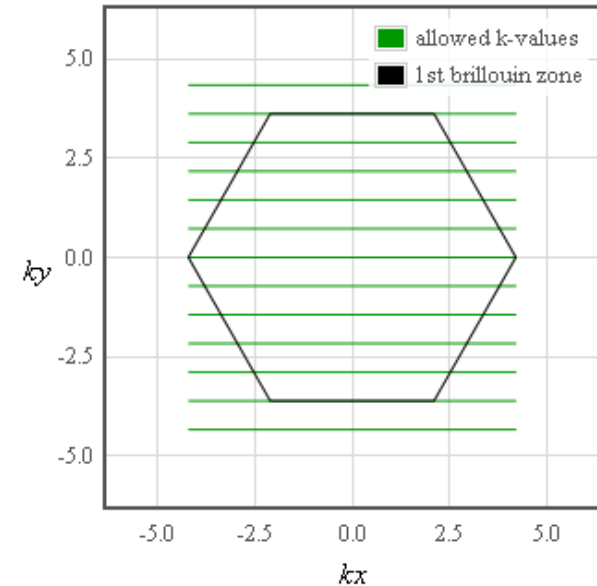
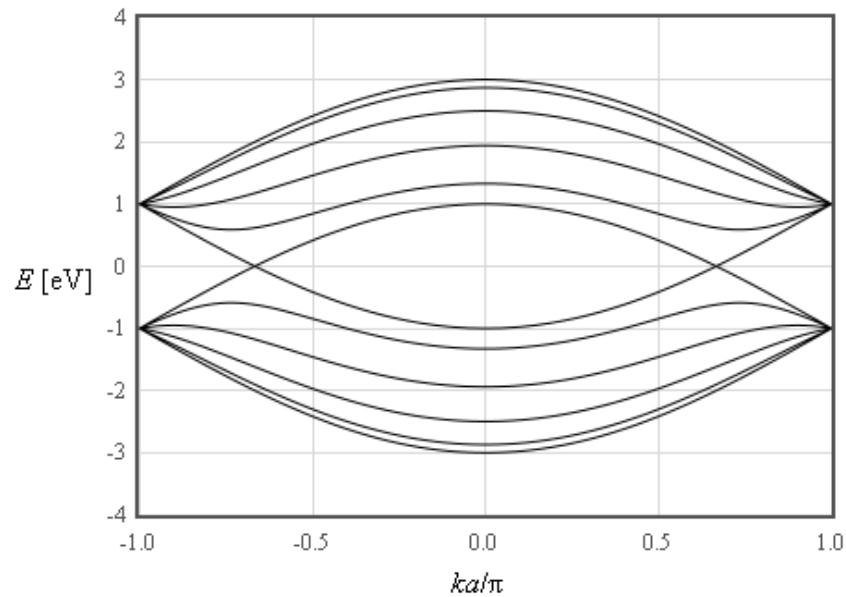


<http://www.personal.rdg.ac.uk/~scsharip/tubes.htm>

Carbon nanotubes



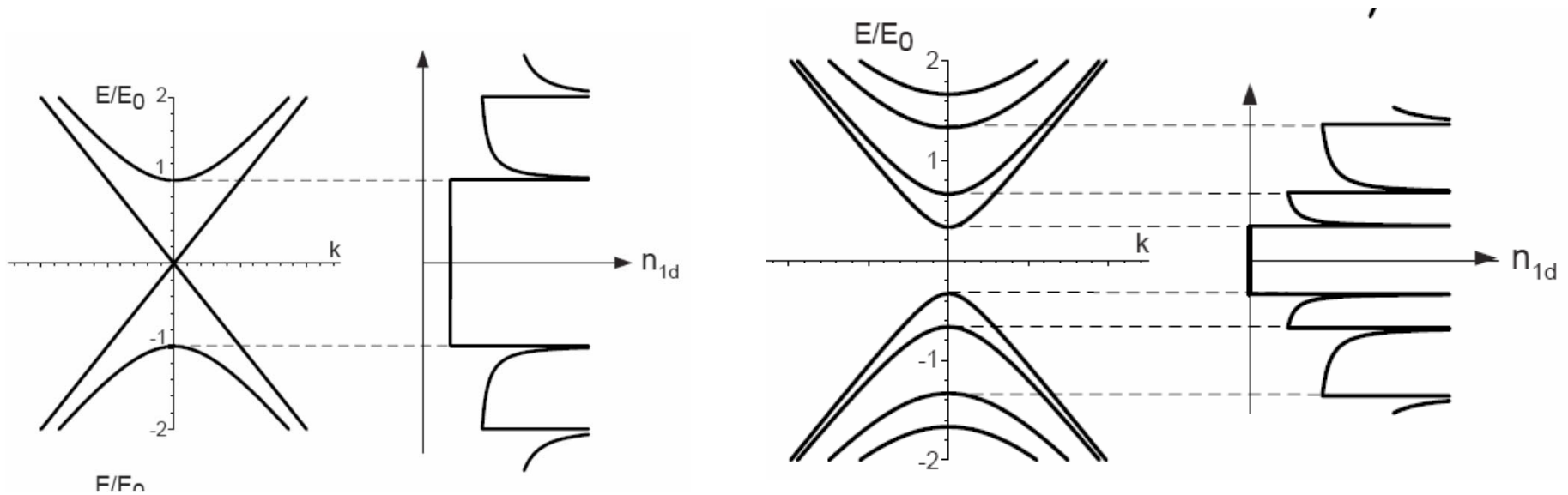
$$E = \varepsilon \pm t \sqrt{1 + 4 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}k_x a}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{k_y a}{2}\right) + 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{k_y a}{2}\right)}$$



metallic (5,5) armchair tube

<http://lamp.tu-graz.ac.at/~hadley/ss1/bands/tbtable/CNTs.html>

Carbon nanotubes

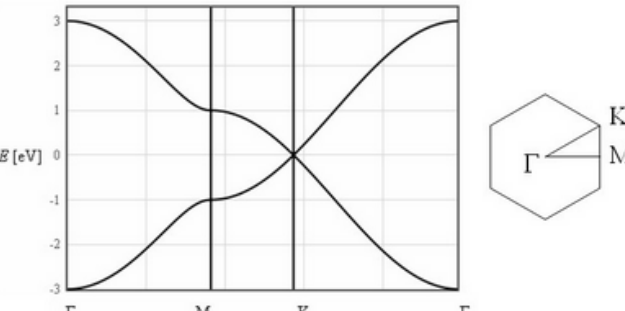
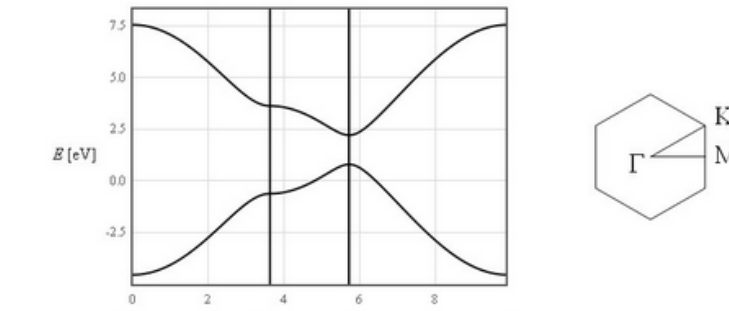
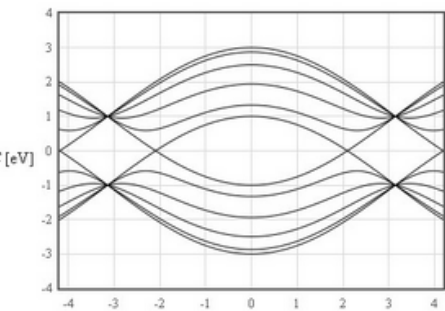
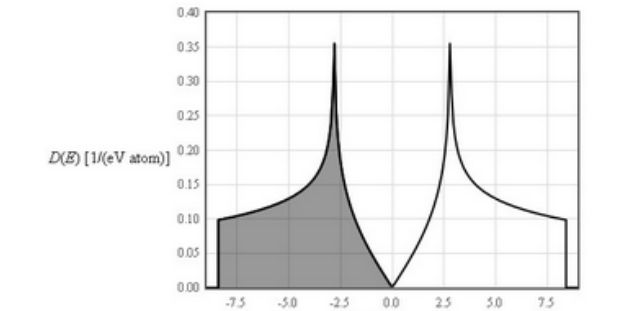
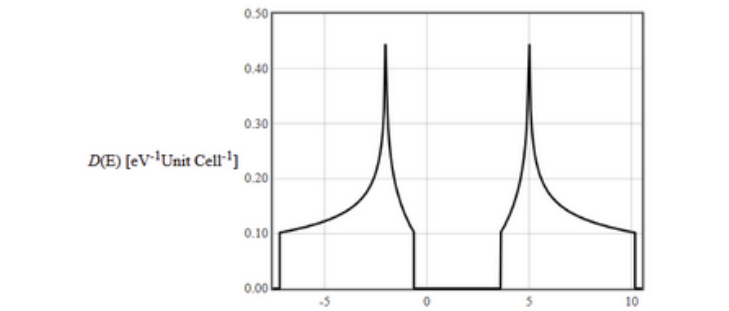
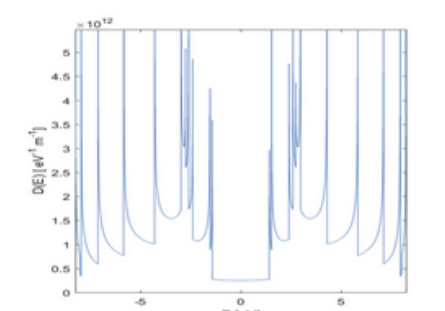


metallic $m - n = 3Z$

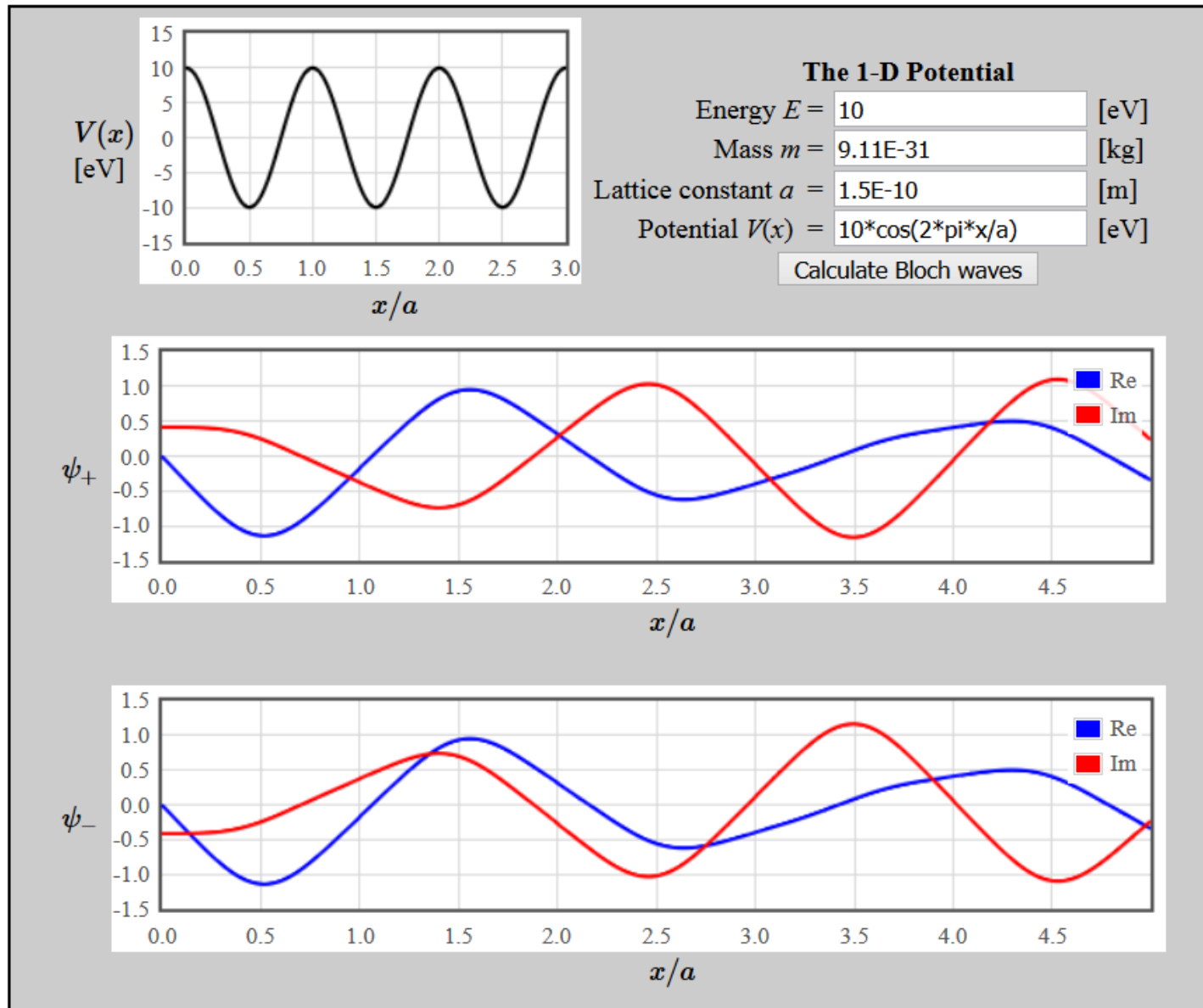
semiconducting

www.physics.umd.edu/courses/Phys732/hdrew/spring07/Schoenenberger%20tutorial%20on%20CNT%20bands.pdf

Table of tight-binding calculations

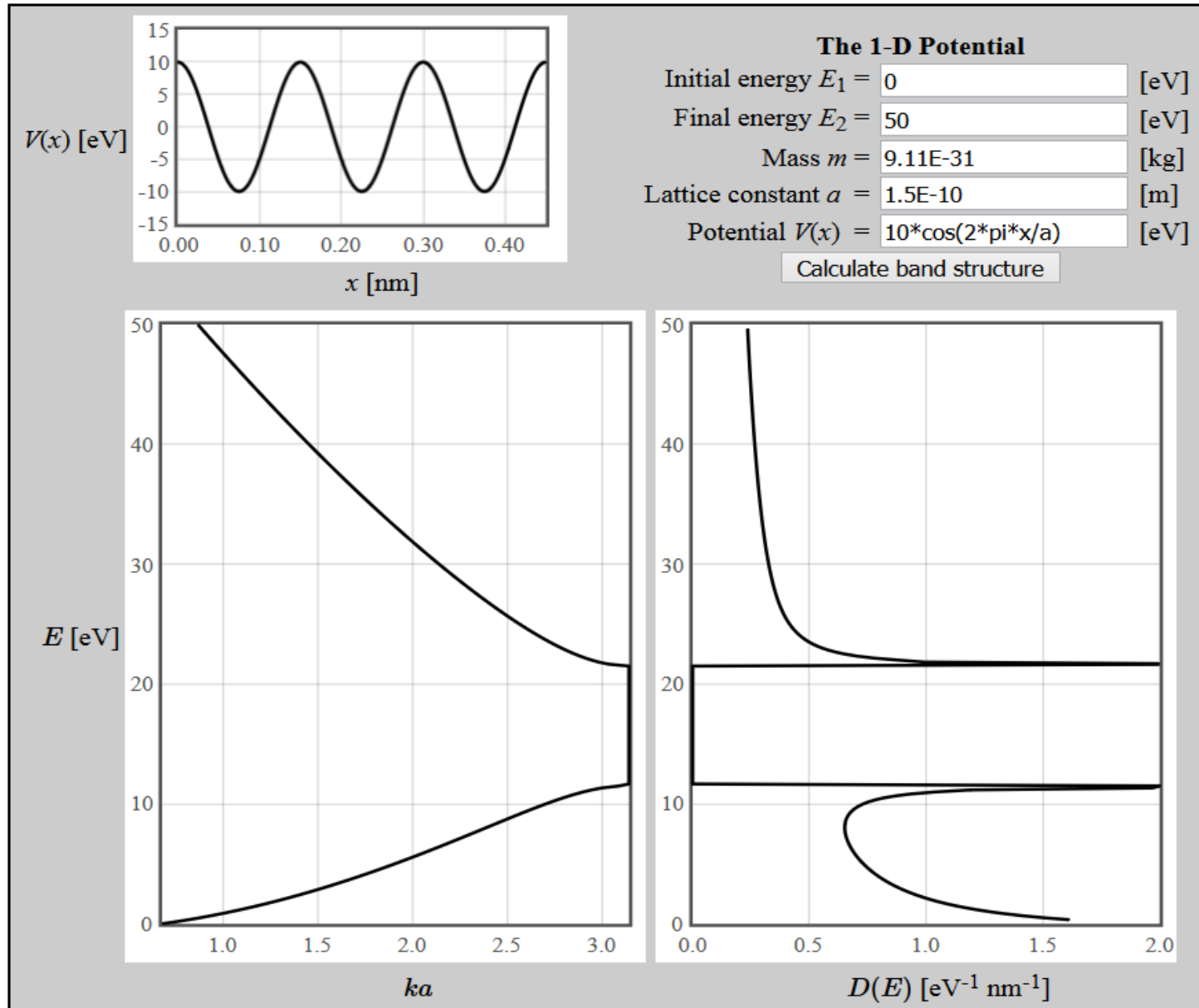
Graphene	2-D boron nitride	Carbon nanotubes
$E = \varepsilon \pm t \sqrt{1 + 4 \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}k_x a}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{k_y a}{2}\right) + 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{k_y a}{2}\right)}$  <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Calculate E(k)"/></p>	$E = \frac{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)^2}{2} + 4t^2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}k_x a}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{k_y a}{2}\right) + \cos^2\left(\frac{k_y a}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \right)}$  <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Calculate E(k)"/></p>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Calculate E(k)"/></p>
$D(k) = \frac{k}{\pi} \text{ m}^{-1}$	$D(k) = \frac{k}{\pi} \text{ m}^{-1}$	$D(k) = \frac{2}{\pi}$
 <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Calculate D(E)"/></p>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Calculate D(E)"/></p>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Calculate D(E)"/></p>

Bloch waves in one dimension



<http://lampx.tugraz.at/~hadley/ss1/bloch/bloch.php>

Band Structure in one dimension



<http://lampx.tugraz.at/~hadley/ss1/bloch/bloch.php>

- Band structure calculations: GaN, 6H SiC, GaAs, GaP, Ge, InAs
- Calculated electron density of states
 - Al fcc, Au fcc, Cu fcc, Na bcc, Pt fcc, W bcc, Si diamond, Fe bcc, Ni fcc, Co fcc, Mn bcc, bcc, Gd hcp, Pd fcc, Pd₃Cr, Pd₃Mn, PdCr, PdMn , GaN, 6H SiC, GaAs, GaP, Ge, InAs

Bandstructure of hexagonal gallium nitride (GaN)

The bandstructure calculation for gallium nitride was calculated using the program [Quantum Espresso](#) (version 5.2.1) and the pseudopotentials for [Ga](#) and [N](#).

