

# Ferrimagnetism, Antiferromagnetism

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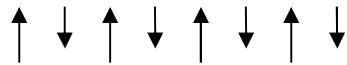
# Ferrimagnets

Magnetite  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$   
(Magneteseisen)



Ferrites  $\text{MO} \cdot \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$

$\text{M} = \text{Fe}, \text{Zn}, \text{Cd}, \text{Ni}, \text{Cu},$   
 $\text{Co}, \text{Mg}$



Two sublattices A and B.

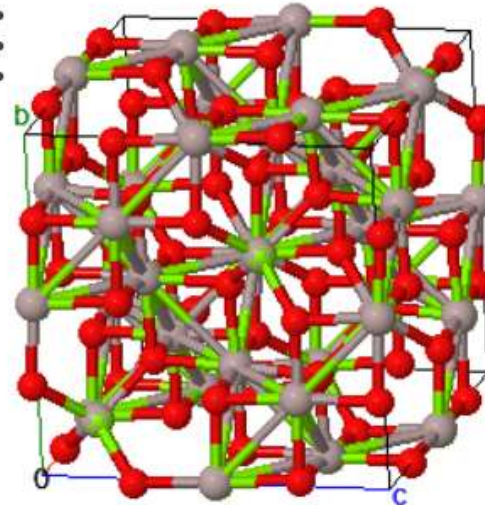
Spinel crystal structure  $\text{XY}_2\text{O}_4$

8 tetrahedral sites A (surrounded by 4 O)  $5\mu_B \uparrow$

16 octahedral sites B (surrounded by 6 O)  $9\mu_B \downarrow$

per unit cell

HM: F d -3 m :2  
a=8.084Å  
b=8.084Å  
c=8.084Å  
α=90.000°  
β=90.000°  
γ=90.000°



$\text{MgAl}_2\text{O}_4$

# Ferrimagnets

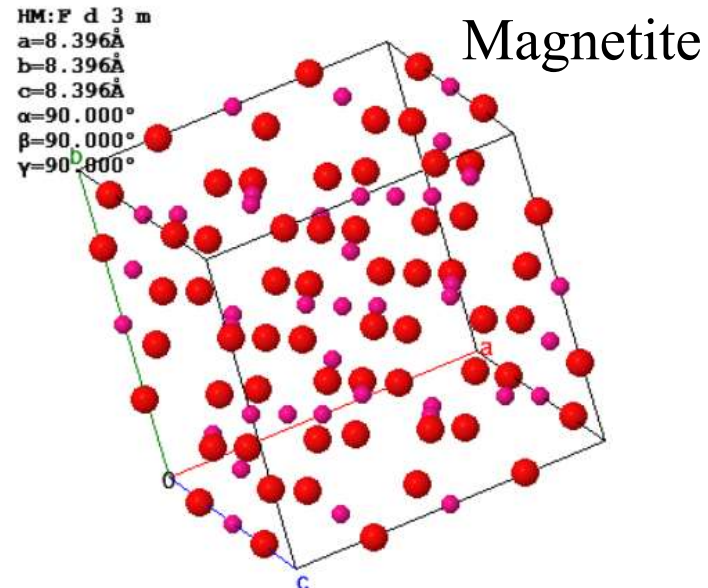
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M = Fe, Zn, Cd, Ni,  
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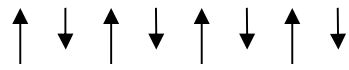


HM: F d 3 m  
a=8.396Å  
b=8.396Å  
c=8.396Å  
α=90.000°  
β=90.000°  
γ=90.000°



Exchange integrals  $J_{AA}$ ,  $J_{AB}$ , and  $J_{BB}$  are all negative (antiparallel preferred)

$$|J_{AB}| > |J_{AA}|, |J_{BB}|$$



# Ferrimagnetism

$$\text{gauss} = 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

$$\text{oersted} = 10^{-4}/4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ A/m}$$

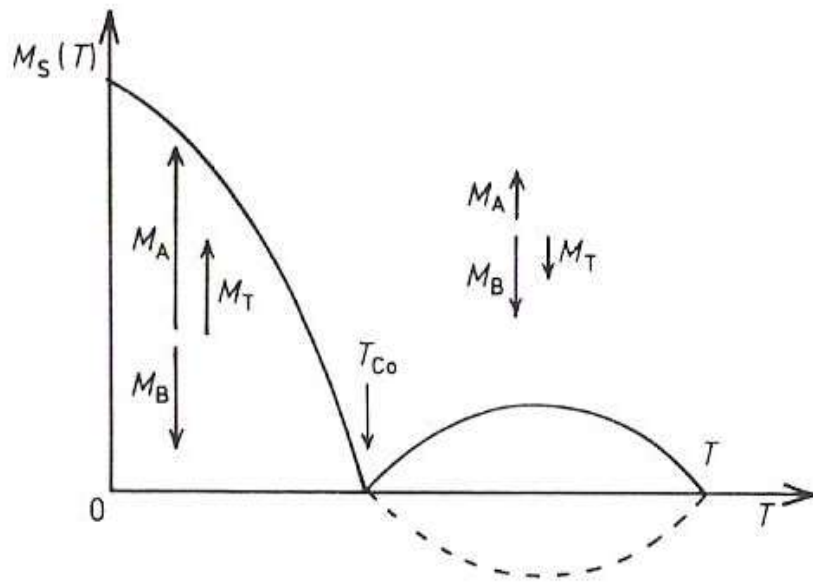


Table 33.3

**SELECTED FERRIMAGNETS, WITH CRITICAL TEMPERATURES  $T_c$  AND SATURATION MAGNETIZATION  $M_0$**

MATERIAL	$T_c$ (K)	$M_0$ (gauss) <sup>a</sup>
$\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ (magnetite)	858	510
$\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4$	793	475
$\text{NiFe}_2\text{O}_4$	858	300
$\text{CuFe}_2\text{O}_4$	728	160
$\text{MnFe}_2\text{O}_4$	573	560
$\text{Y}_3\text{Fe}_5\text{O}_{12}$ (YIG)	560	195

<sup>a</sup> At  $T = 0(\text{K})$ .

Source: F. Keffer, *Handbuch der Physik*, vol. 18, pt. 2, Springer, New York, 1966.

Kittel

D. Gignoux, magnetic properties of Metallic systems

# Antiferromagnetism

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Negative exchange energy  $J_{AB} < 0$ .



At low temperatures, below the Neel temperature  $T_N$ , the spins are aligned antiparallel and the macroscopic magnetization is zero.

Spin ordering can be observed by neutron scattering.

At high temperature antiferromagnets become paramagnetic. The macroscopic magnetization is zero and the spins are disordered in zero field.

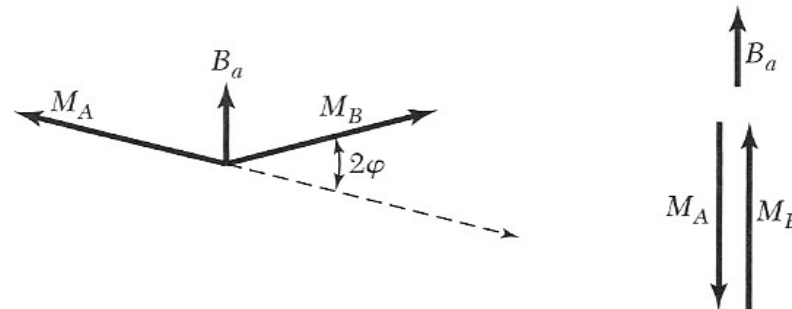
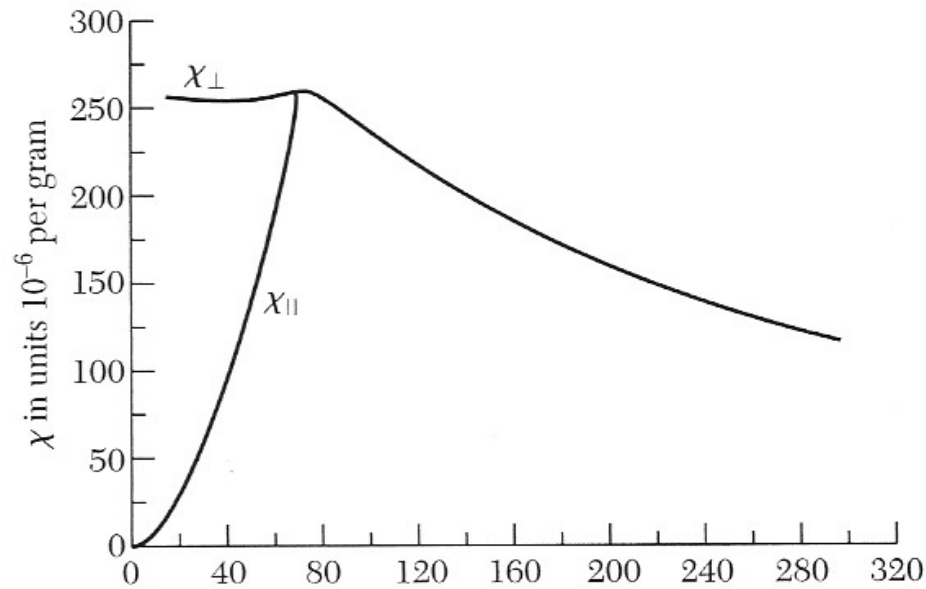
$$\chi = \mu_0 \frac{\vec{M}_A + \vec{M}_B}{\vec{B}_a} = \frac{C}{T + \Theta} \quad \leftarrow \text{Curie-Weiss temperature}$$

# Antiferromagnetism



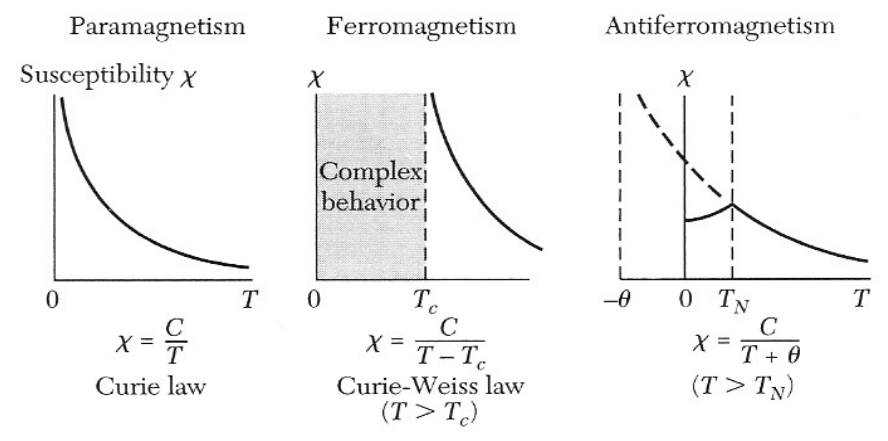
Average spontaneous magnetization is zero at all temperatures.

Source: Kittel



**Table 2 Antiferromagnetic crystals**    ↑ ↓ ↑ ↓ ↑ ↓ ↑ ↓

Substance	Paramagnetic ion lattice	Transition temperature, $T_N$ , in K	Curie-Weiss $\theta$ , in K	$\frac{\theta}{T_N}$	$\frac{\chi(0)}{\chi(T_N)}$
MnO	fcc	116	610	5.3	$\frac{2}{3}$
MnS	fcc	160	528	3.3	0.82
MnTe	hex. layer	307	690	2.25	
MnF <sub>2</sub>	bc tetr.	67	82	1.24	0.76
FeF <sub>2</sub>	bc tetr.	79	117	1.48	0.72
FeCl <sub>2</sub>	hex. layer	24	48	2.0	<0.2
FeO	fcc	198	570	2.9	0.8
CoCl <sub>2</sub>	hex. layer	25	38.1	1.53	
CoO	fcc	291	330	1.14	
NiCl <sub>2</sub>	hex. layer	50	68.2	1.37	
NiO	fcc	525	~2000	~4	
Cr	bcc	308			



from Kittel